Maryland Historical Trust Inventory of Historic Properties Form Maryland Route 30/Manchester Bypass Project

not for publication						
cinity congressional district 6th						
county Carroll County						
3. Classification						
Present Useagriculturemuseum dcommercialpark gresseducationalx private residenceentertainmentreligious ctedgovernmentscientific rictedindustrialtransportationmilitaryother:						
ames and mailing addresses of <u>all</u> owners)						
name C. L. Vonlindenberg						
telephone no.						
state and zip code Maryland 21103						
5. Location of Legal Description						
Tax Assessor liber Block 2						
Street folio Lot 2						
state Maryland						
6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys						
federalstatecountylocal						
depository for survey records						
state						

7. Description			Survey No. CARR 1533	
Conditionexcellent _X goodfair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered _X_altered	Check one X_original sitemoved date of move	

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Vonlindenberg Farm complex is comprised of an 18th/19th-century farmhouse, a tenant house, a summer house, a spring house, a barn, an outhouse, a corn crib and sheds.

House (1790-1795/1800-1840/1860-1900/1950-present)

The main block is a two story log house covered in vinyl siding, two bays by one bay with a brick interior chimney on the east gable end. A three bay by one bay mud room addition is affixed to its principal [north] facade. The metal gable roof is perpendicular to the road and fenestration is regular with one-over-one wood, double-hung sash on all elevations.

The first addition, circa 1800-1830, affixed to the west elevation of the main block, is a 2-1/2 story clapboard structure with vinyl-siding, three bays by two bays. The metal gable roof is parallel to the road with cornice returns and brick interior chimneys on the north and south gable ends. Fenestration is regular with one-overone, wood double-hung sash on the first and second floors and two, 4 lite windows on the north and south upper level, gable ends. A small entry porch is located on the principal [west] facade with a metal, partial hip roof supported by turned, wood posts and decorative brackets. The addition forms an "L" with the main block.

The second addition, circa 1840-1860, is affixed to the main block's south elevation. The structure is 2-1/2 stories, two bays by one bay, with six-over-six windows. The house is brick with vinyl siding and an asphalt shingle gable roof perpendicular to the main block. A modern, exterior brick chimney is located on the south gable end. A one story, vinyl-sided, two bay by two bay, addition is affixed to the west elevation and used as a kitchen area while a one story, three bay by two bay modular home has been affixed to the south elevation. A deck has been built along the east elevation of the modular home.

Summer House (1795-1805)

The 1-1/2 story summer house is two bays by two bays with metal gable roof and central brick chimney. Modern six-over-six sash are evident on all elevations. The fieldstone structure is covered in vinyl siding and located east of the main house.

Spring House (1795-1800)

The one story, fieldstone spring house is located northeast of the main house. The small two bay by two bay structure has a metal gable roof and frame cupola. Fenestration consists of casement windows on the east elevation. A plank entry door is affixed to the principal [west] facade.

Tenant House (1800-1810)

The tenant house is a 2-1/2 story, fieldstone with vinyl siding, two bay by two bay structure located east of the main house. The metal gable roof is perpendicular to the road and a one story addition is affixed to the south elevation. Modern sash are found on the west facade and north elevation. The structure is currently used as the offices and work area for a dog grooming business.

Bam (1870-1890)

The 2-1/2 story frame bank barn is four bays by two bays with metal gable roof parallel to the road and two lightening rods. Arched, wood ventilators appear on the west, north and south elevations while the ramp [east] elevation has a 4 lite window with arched surround on the south bay and two modern windows on the north bay. The forebay is oriented to the west and is unsupported, with hay doors in the middle bay.

Outbuildings (1860-present)

There are several smaller outbuildings scattered around the farm yard. The frame outhouse, corn crib and shed are nineteenth century while the metal sheet tractor barn is twentieth century.

Contributing Resources: 7

8. Significance	Survey No. CARR 1533
Period Areas of Significance - Check and justife	planninglandscape architecturereligion onlawscienceliteraturesculpturemilitarysocial/ gmusic humanitarian
Specific dates Builder/Arc	hitect
Applicable Criteria:AB _X C and/or Applicable Exception:ABC Level of Significance:nationalstate	_D _DEFG X local
Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance ar	
The Vonlindenberg Farmstead is part of the 18th c. Shilling contained 200 acres with a log dwelling house [1 story; 1 the 1862 Martenet Atlas [owner - George Simpers] and the George Simpers]. The farmstead is significant for its extra association with one of the original 18th c. land patents in agricultural farm from the 18th c. through the 20th c.	5 x 14], and log barn [30 x 20]. The house is listed on ne 1877 Lake, Griffing and Stevenson Atlas [owner - ant structures, both domestic and farm related, its
Evaluation:	
The Vonlindenberg Farmstead, built c.1790-1900, is National significant events have been determined to be associated persons significant in local, state, or national history have property is eligible under Criterion C; it is a significant exafarmstead is a representative example of the evolution of farm. The largely intact farmhouse and outbuildings representative.	ated with it. It is not eligible under Criterion B; no been determined to have been associated with it. The ample of type, form, and manner of construction. The an 18th c. sustenance farm into a 19th c. commercial
NB: After reviewing this form, the Maryland Historical Tri listing in the National Register. In comments dated January	ust determined that this resource was not eligibl e for ary 2, 1997, they noted:
including its historic additions, has been obscured	mestic outbuildings, the primary resource (the dwelling), If by contemporary alterations and additions which The property no longer retains its integrity of design,
The Trust noted that interior access would have aided in attempt was made to gain access in March, 1997, the ow	evaluating the property. However, when a second uner again denied access to the interior.
MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST Eligibility recommended Comments	Eligibility not recommended
Reviewer, OPS: Will au de	Date: 8 21 98
Reviewer, NR Program:	Date:

grad

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. CARR 1533

see attached

Qu erences	adrangle scale <u>1 to 24,000</u>				
B / / / / / / / Zone Easting	<u>/ </u>				
D <u>/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / </u>	<u> </u>				
F <u>/ / / / / / /</u>	<u> </u>				
H <u>/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / </u>	1111111111				
The boundary of the property is coterminous with Carroll County Tax Map Block 2/Lot 2, which encompasses 41.07 acres historically associated with the property. List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries					
county	code				
county	code				
11. Form Prepared By					
name/title E. Madeleine Scheerer/Assistant Architectural Historian					
organization Greiner, Inc date June, 1996					
	telephone (609) 499-3447				
	B / / / / / / / / / Zone Easting D / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /				

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposed only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

Return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

DHCP/DHCD

100 Community Place

Crownsville, MD 21032-2023

410-514-7600

Major Bibliographical References

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Maryland Historic Preservation Plan Historic Contexts:

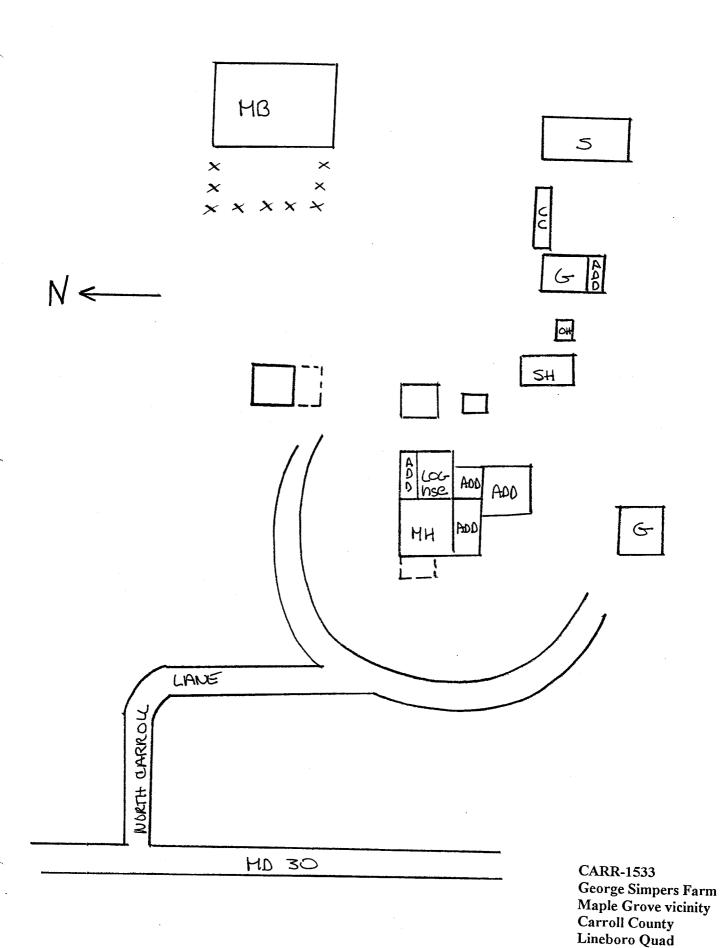
Geographic Organization: Piedmont

Chronological/Development Periods: Rural-Agrarian Intensification - AD 1650-1815

Agricultural-Industrial Transition - AD 1815-1870 Industrial-Urban Dominance - AD 1870-1930

Historic Period Themes: Architecture/Agricultural

Resource Types: Farm, Farmstead



SITE PLAN ABBREVIATIONS

ADD - Addition

CC - Corn Crib

CH - Carriage House

CKH - Chicken House

CS - Cow Stalls

G - Garage

GR - Generator Room

HP - Hog Pens

MB - Main Barn

MH - Main House

MR - Milk Room

OB - Outbuilding

OH - Outhouse

PH - Pump House

RC - Root Cellar

S - Shed

SB - Secondary Barn

SH - Summer House

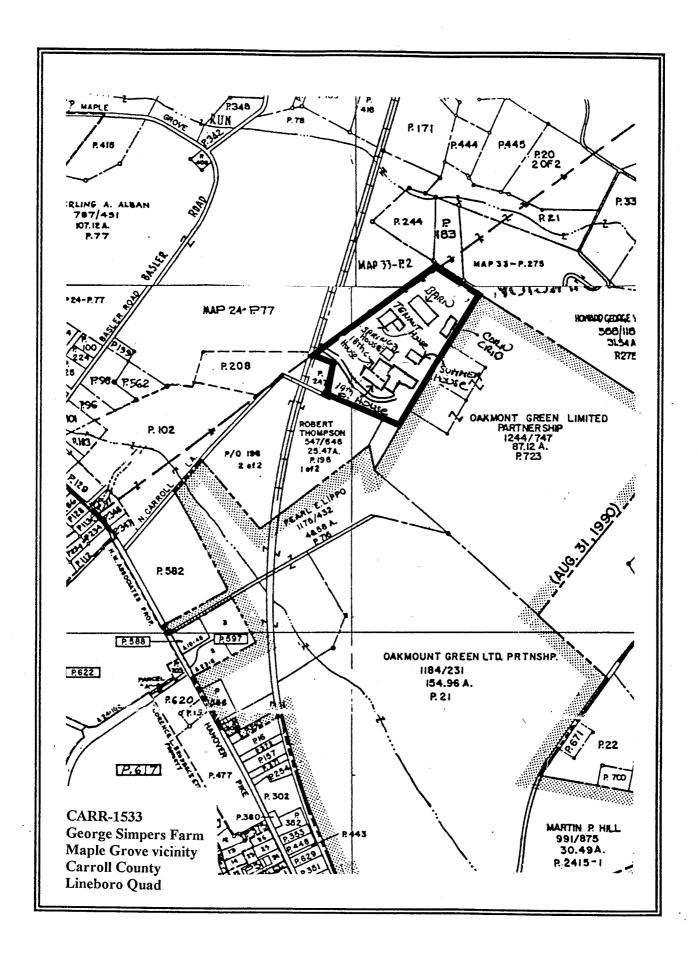
SK - Summer Kitchen

SPH - Spring House

ST - Stables

TH - Tenant House

W - Well







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7. 5/8



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